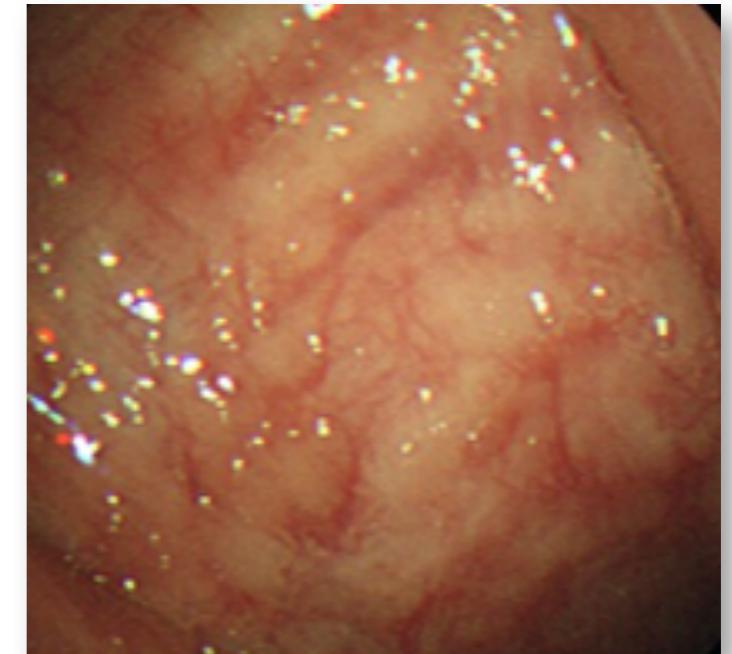
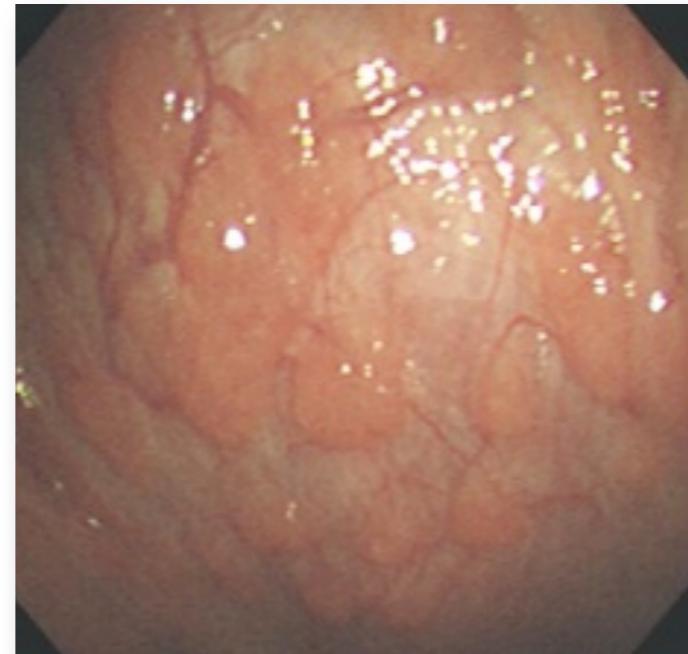


**如果咳嗽神經過度敏感，
下一步應該...**

如果咳嗽神經過度敏感，
下一步應該...

請張開嘴巴檢查一下咽喉



咳嗽神經變得過度敏感

(Positive Cough Challenge Test)



- With throat mucosa abnormality

- GERD (cobble stone)



- Mouth breathing (atrophic mucosa)



- Dry mouth (salivation)

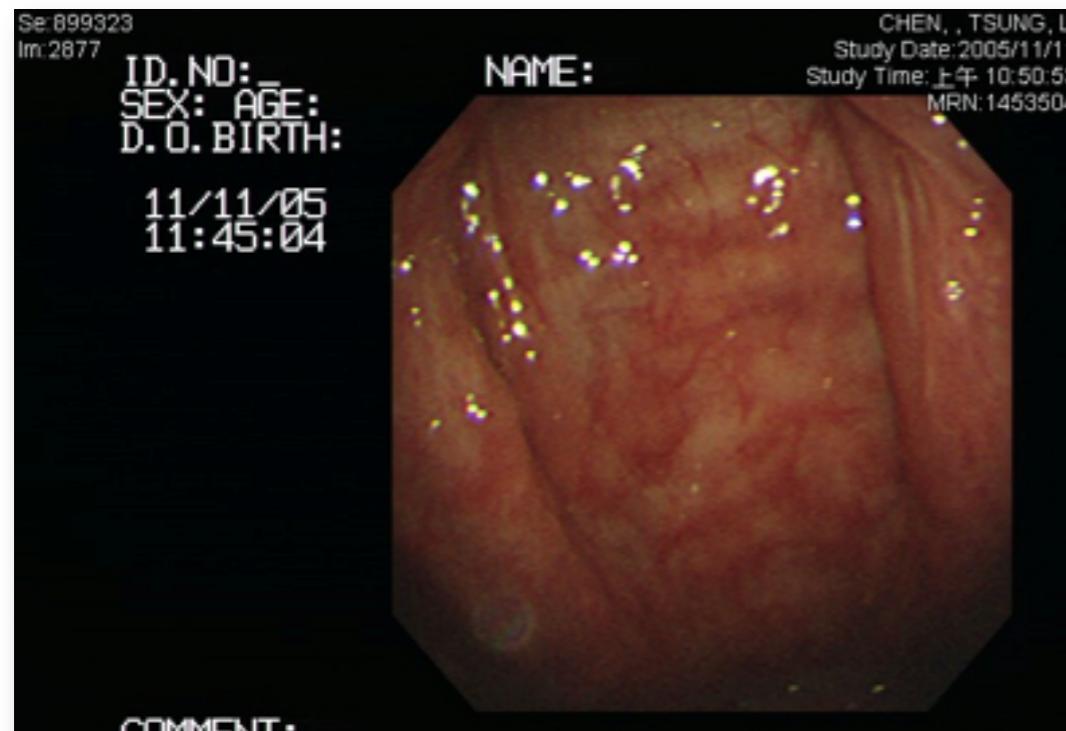
- Without mucosa abnormality

- Lower airway diseases

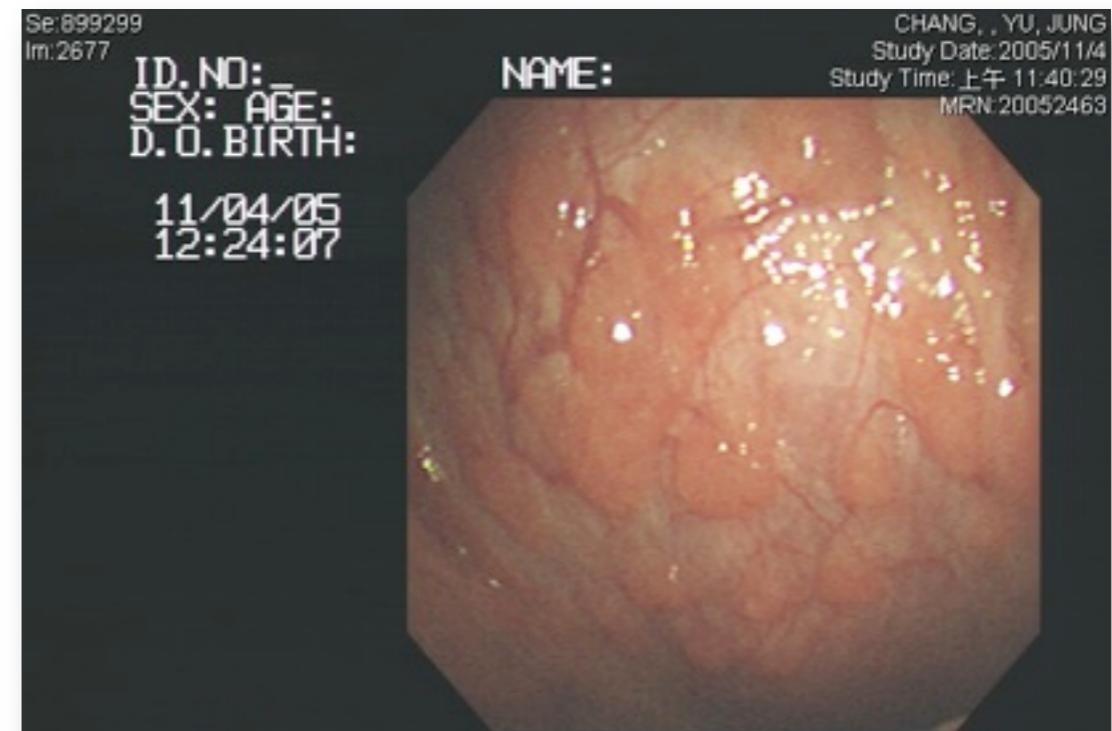
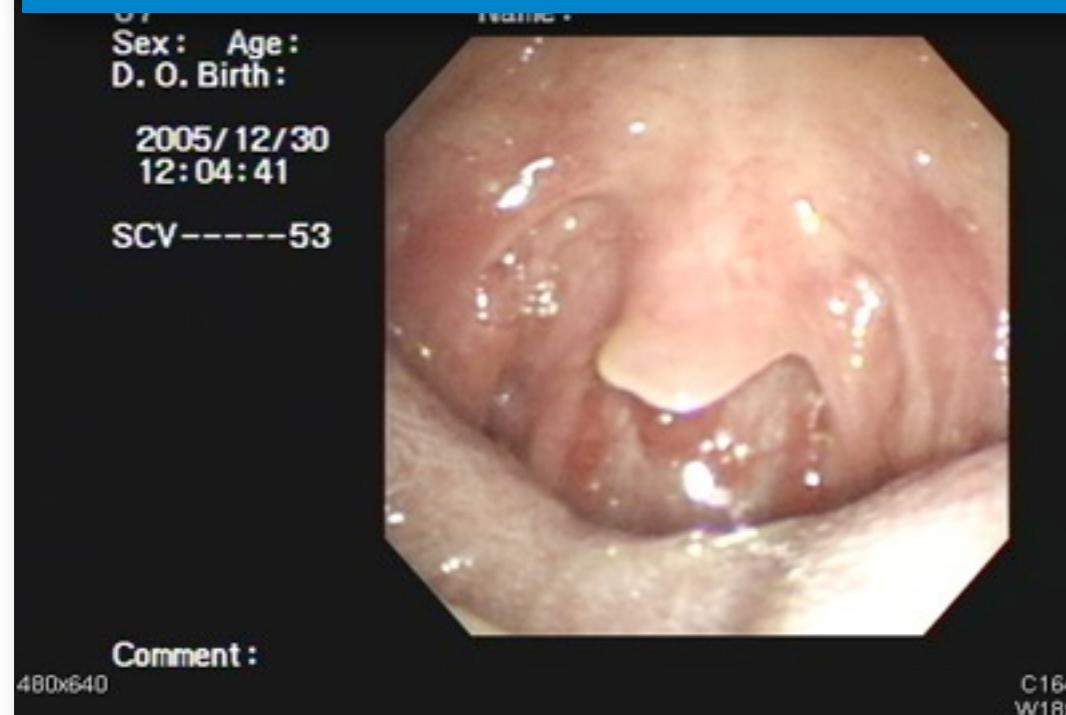
- Drug induced (ACEI)

- Familial sensory hyper-reflex

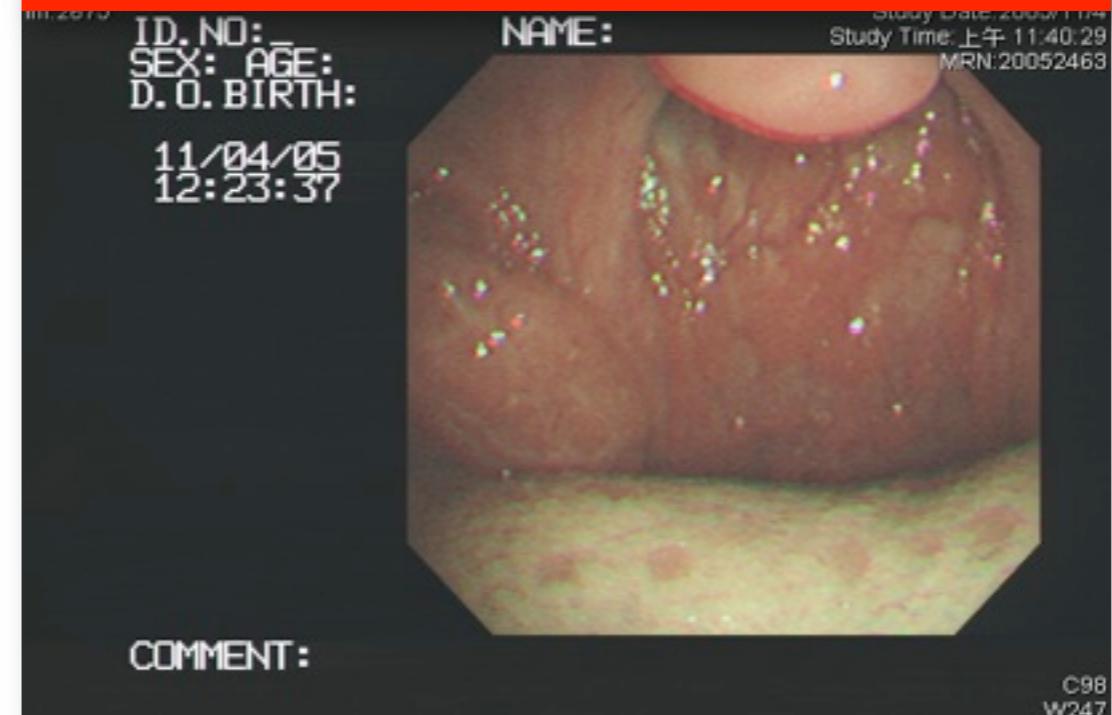
咽喉黏膜病變：外觀變化



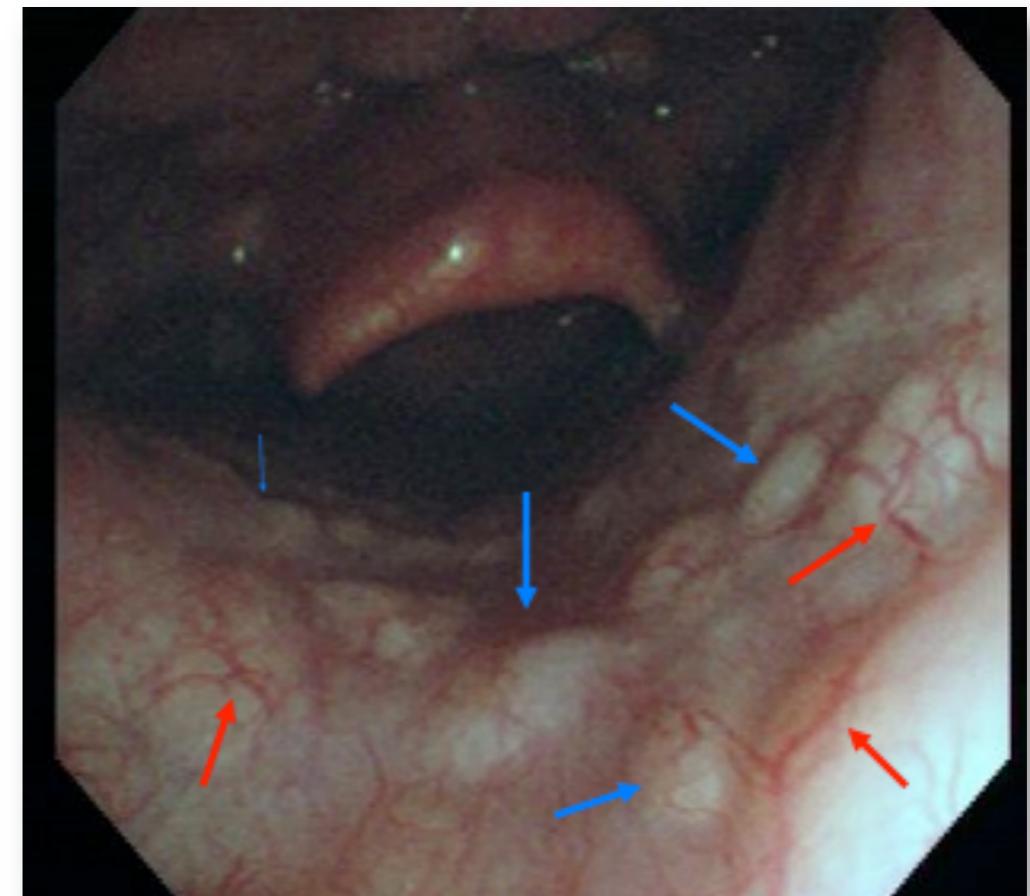
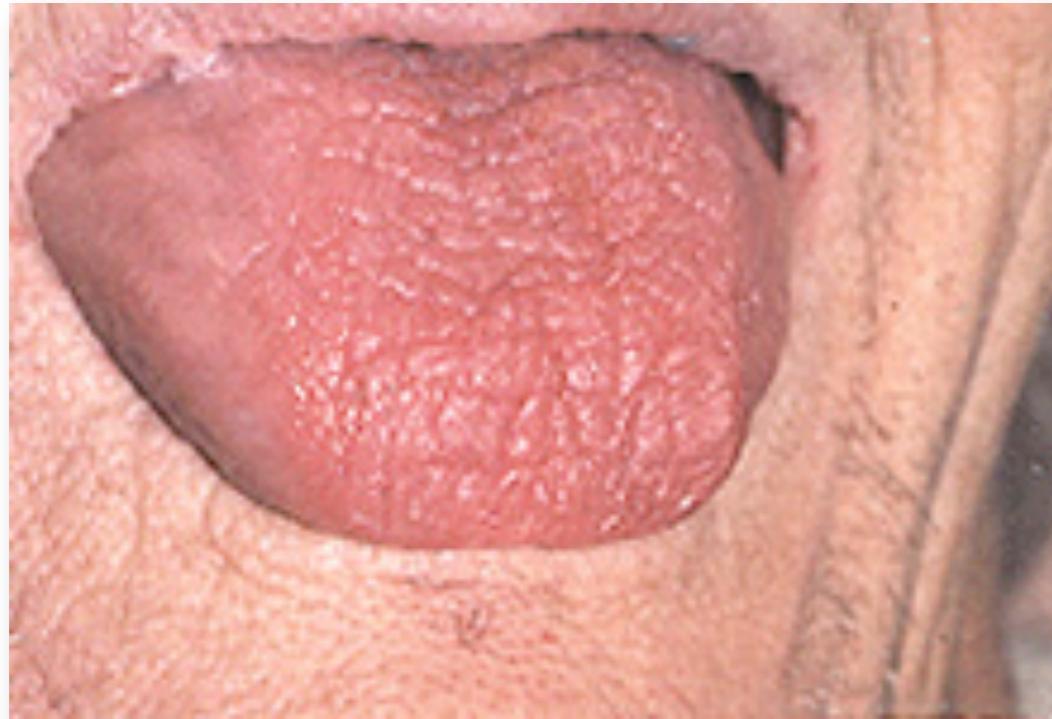
張口呼吸 : Mouth Breathing



胃食道逆流 : GERD

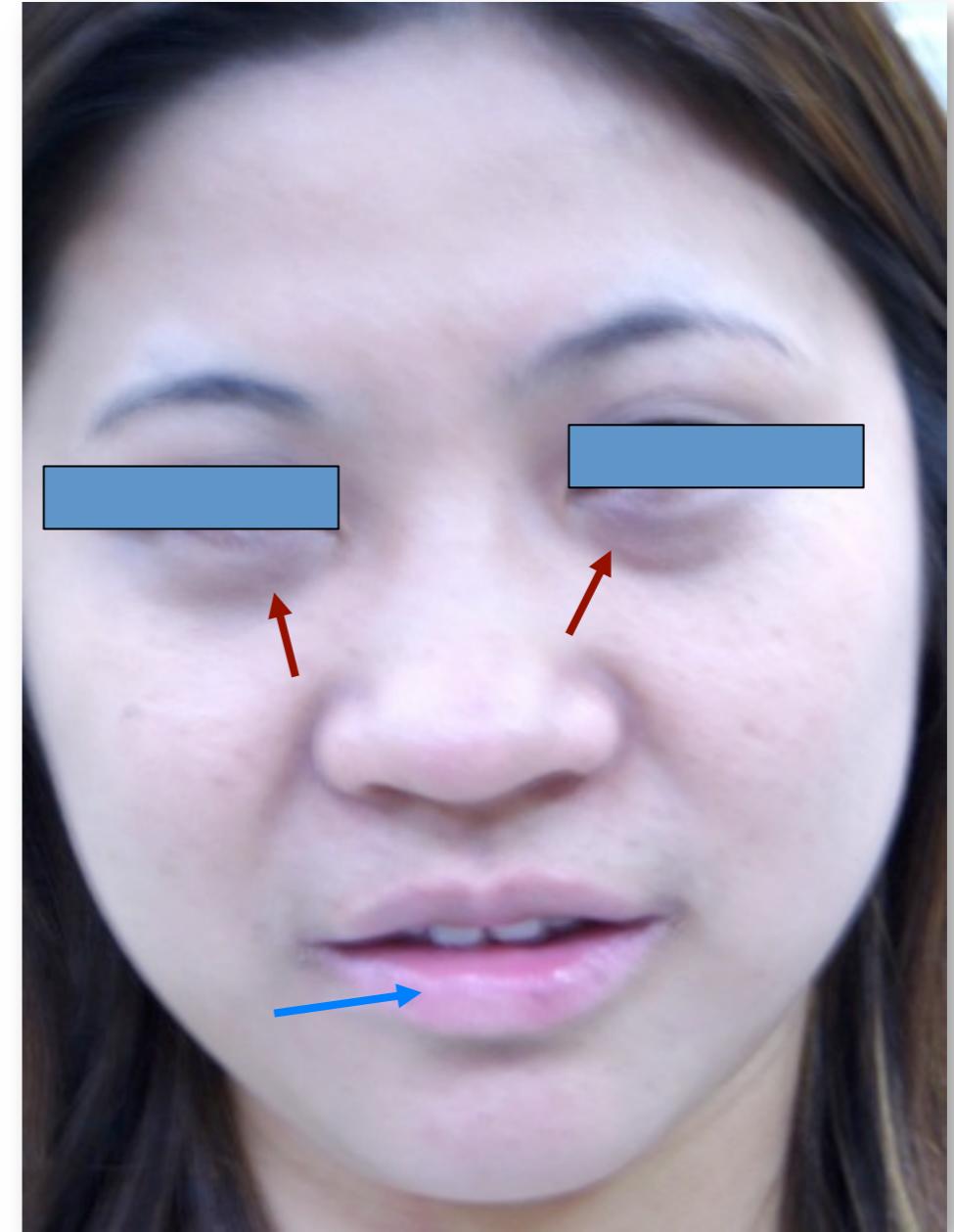
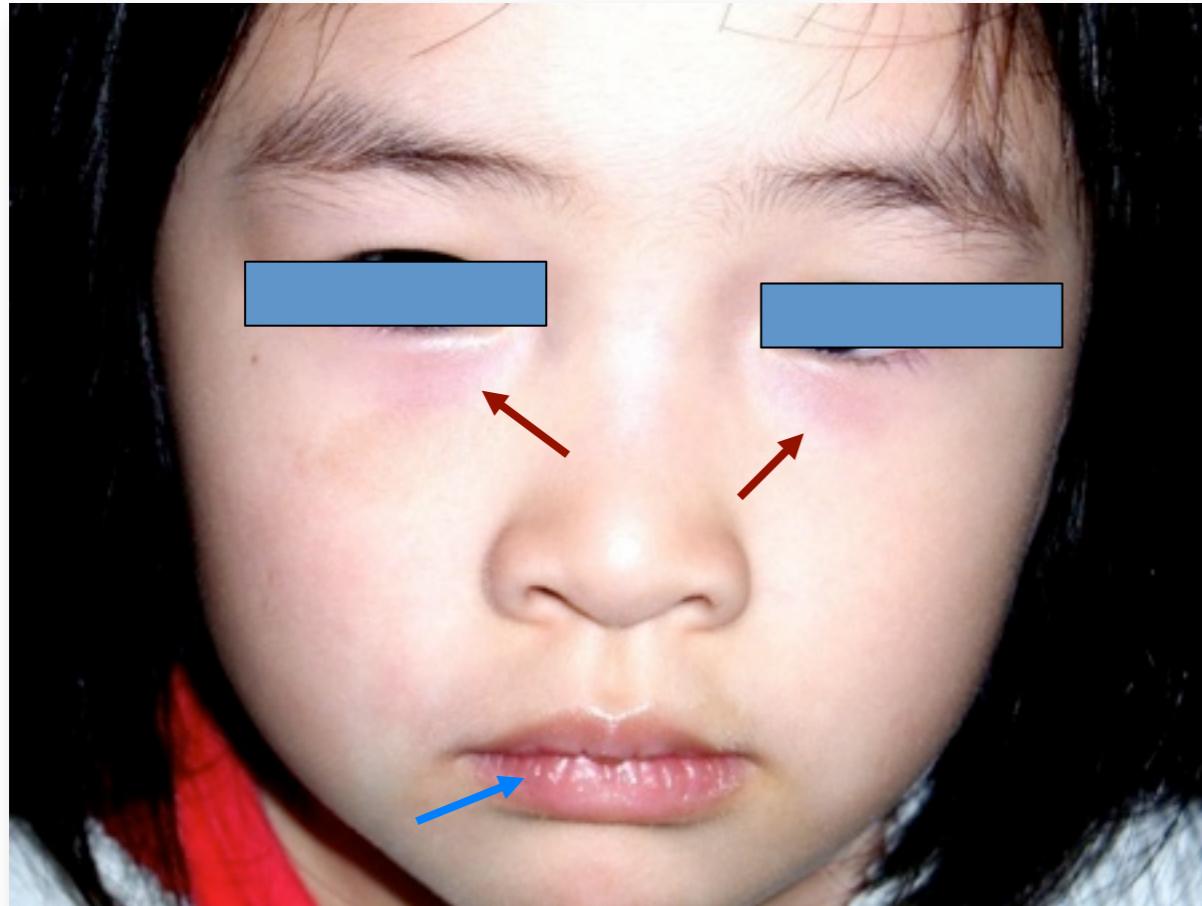


張口呼吸：Mouth Breathing



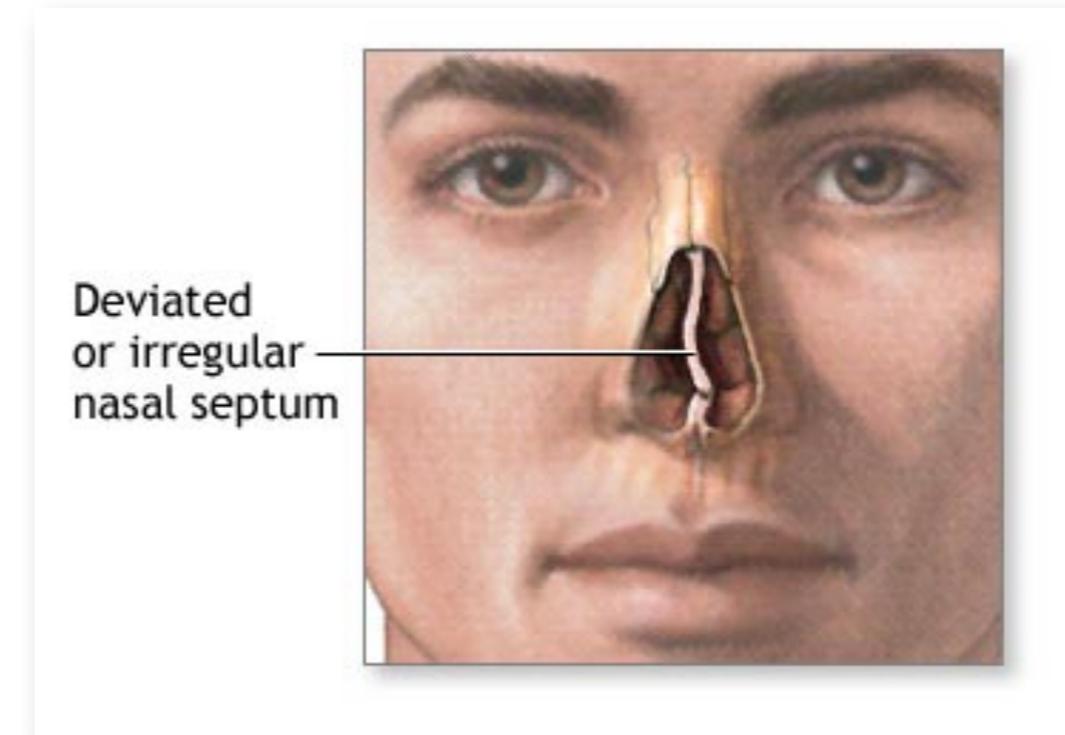
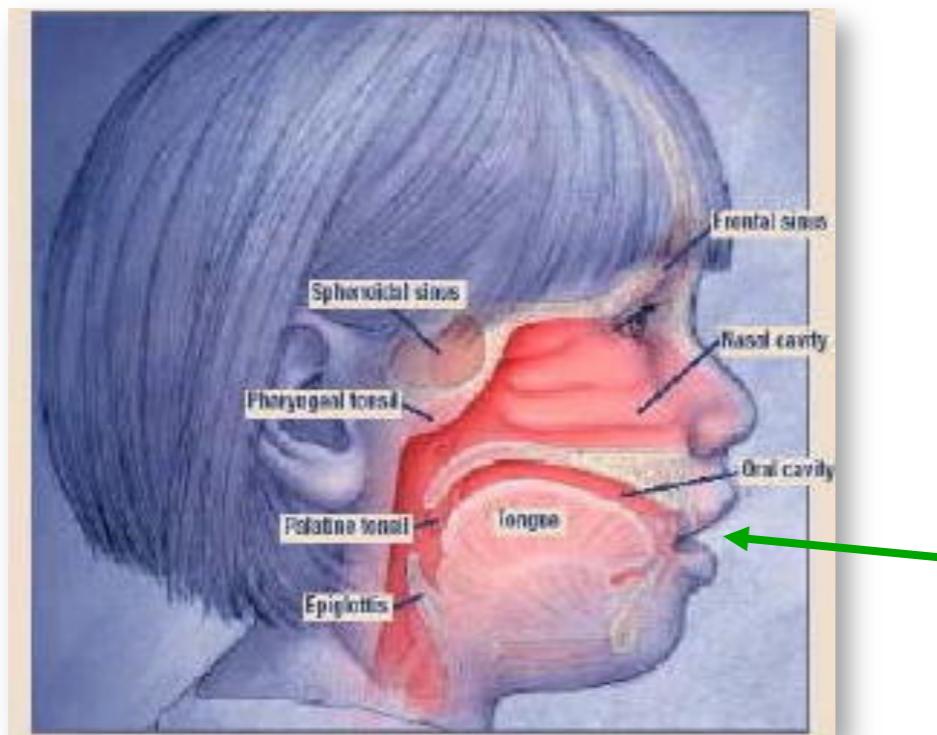
長期的張口呼吸容易造成舌頭乾裂(左圖)、咽喉黏膜損傷，黏膜變薄、咽喉表面凹凸不平(藍色箭頭)、血管增生、擴張(紅色箭頭)，患者常有慢性而且激烈的咳嗽，也因此容易引起血管破裂，出現咳血的現象。

慢性鼻竇炎



因鼻塞所形成的黑眼圈，主要分佈於雙眼的內側 $1/2$ 處(紅色箭頭)，由於患者易因此改為張口呼吸，因此嘴唇常呈乾裂(藍色箭頭)，口腔乾燥。

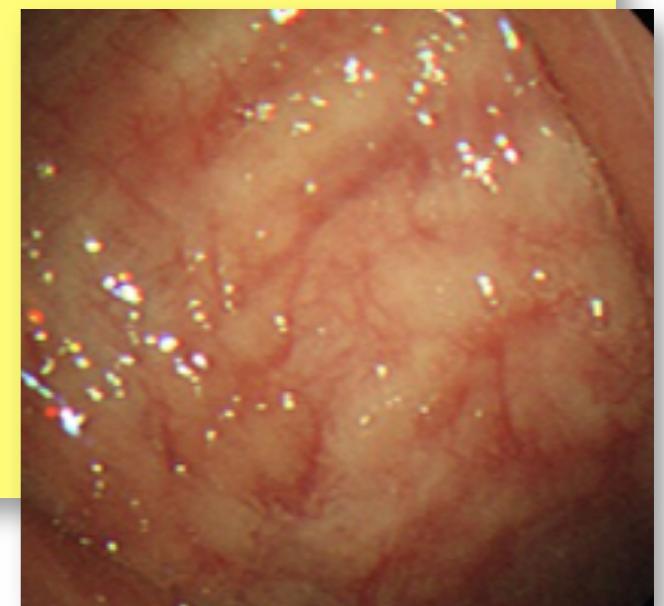
Nasal Blockade : 鼻塞



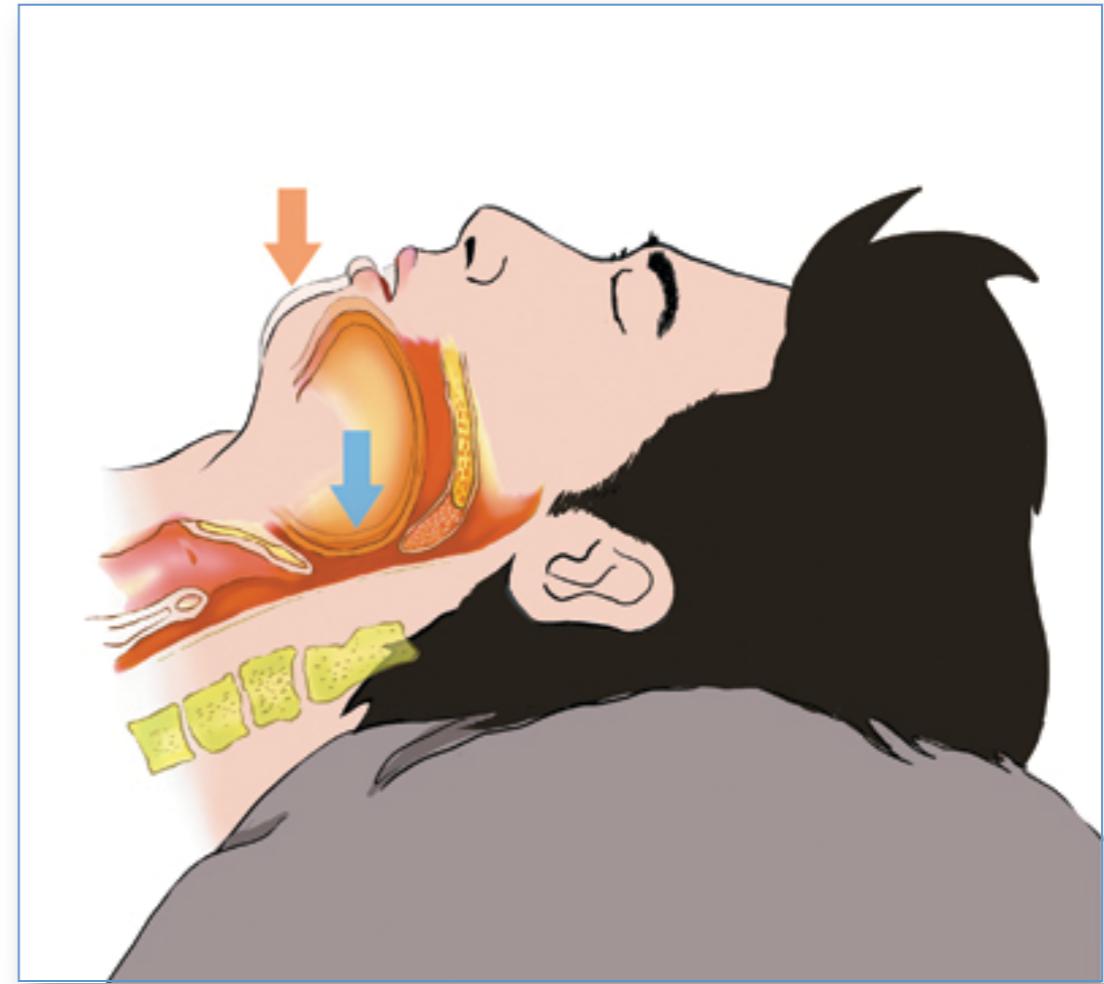
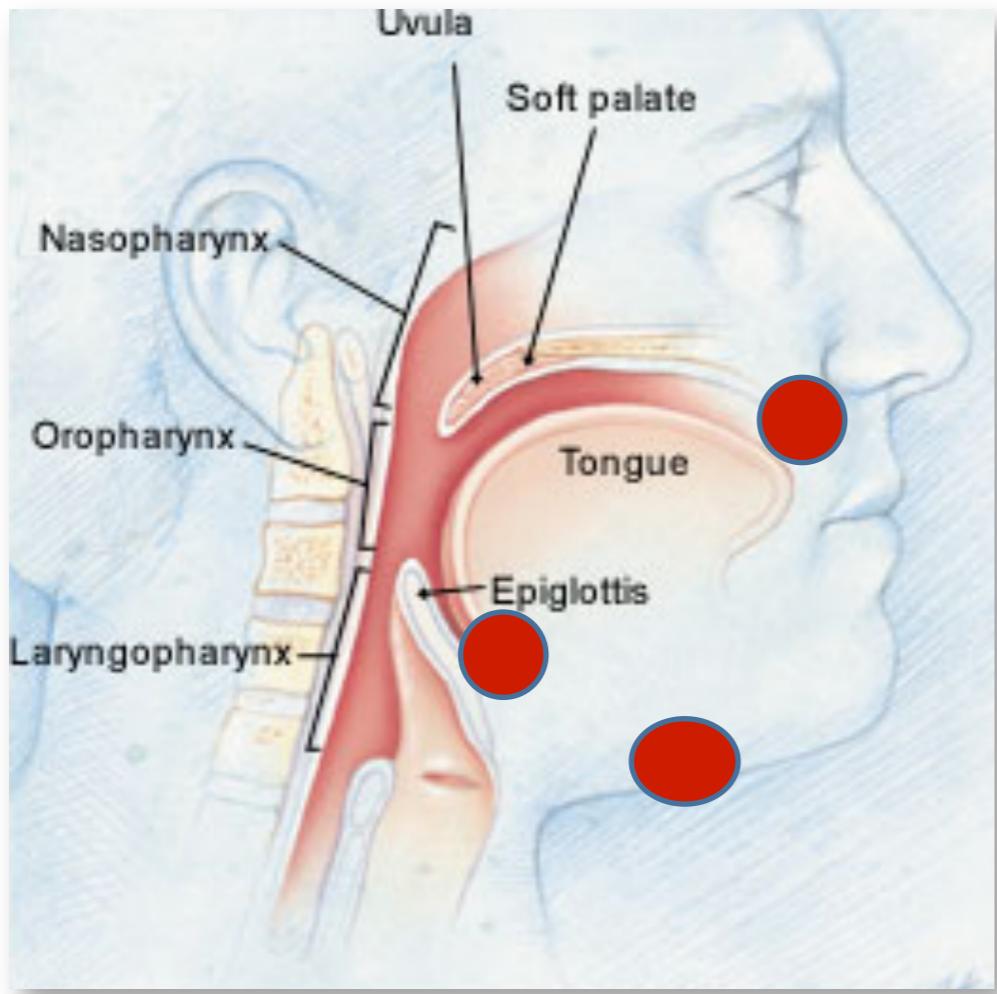
鼻塞的病患容易改成張口呼吸，導致口腔、咽喉乾燥，黏膜損傷，咳嗽受體及感覺神經變的異常敏感，一旦說話或一點點鼻涕倒流，便容易引起咳嗽。

過敏性鼻炎的臨床表徵

- 約有**1/4**的病患 症狀只出現在夜間睡覺時
 - 夜間睡眠易中斷 總覺得**睡眠不足**
 - 睡覺時或起床後容易**口乾舌燥**
 - 早上起床總**有痰液**卡在喉嚨裡
 - 睡覺時或起床後**氣喘常發作** 或覺得較喘有時起床後會出現**咳血**

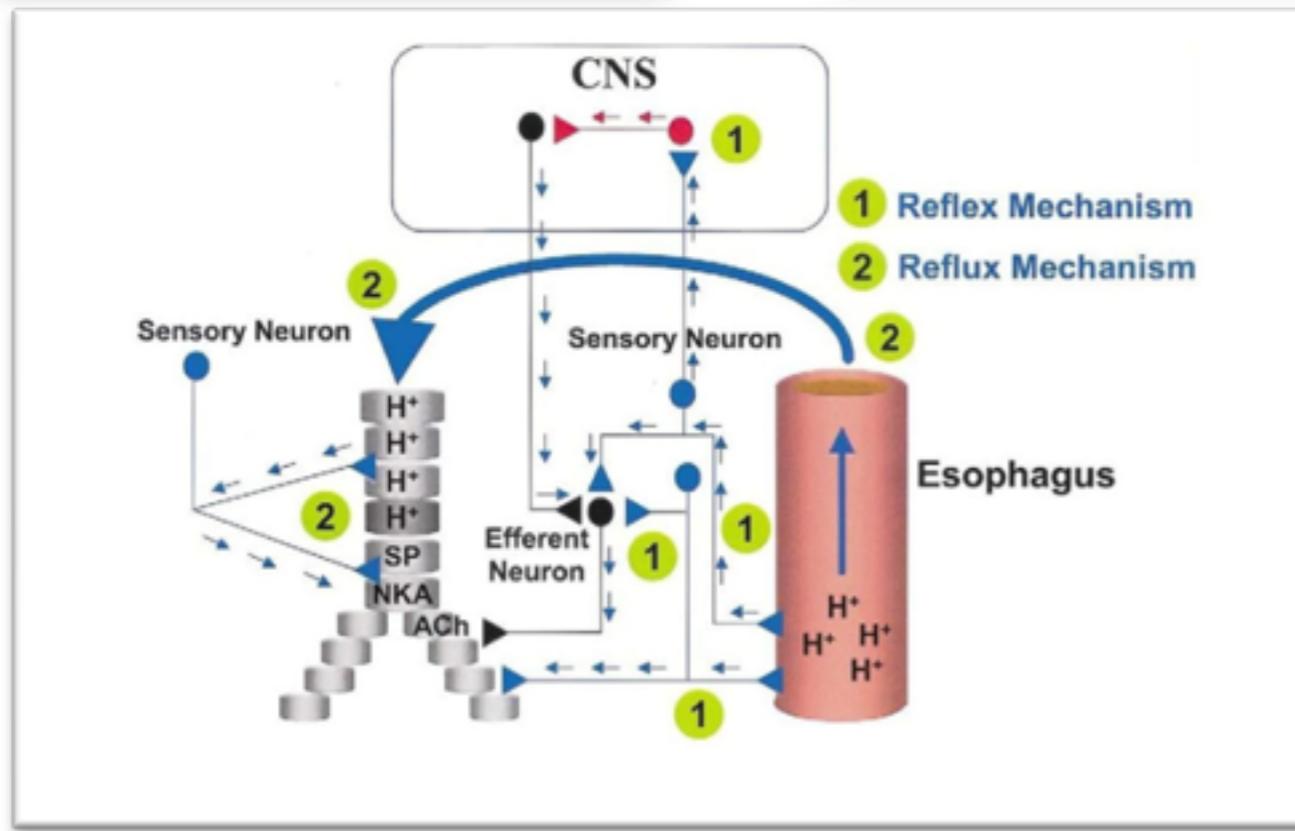
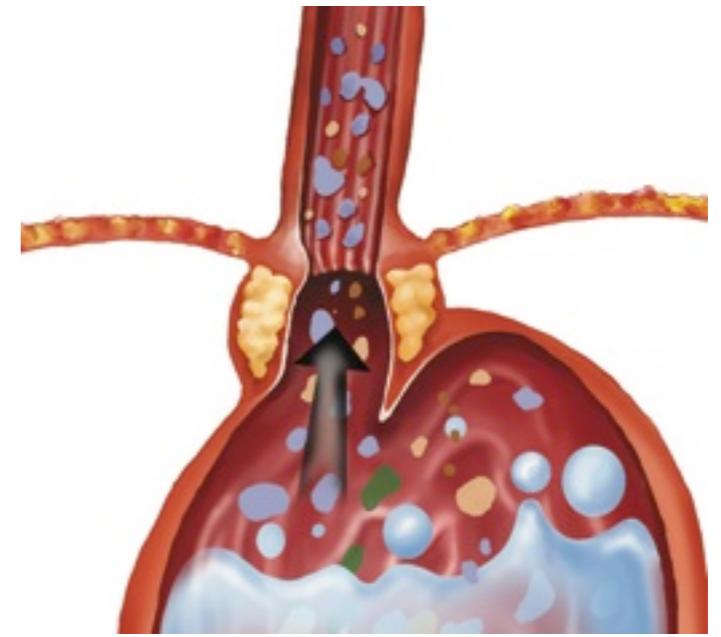
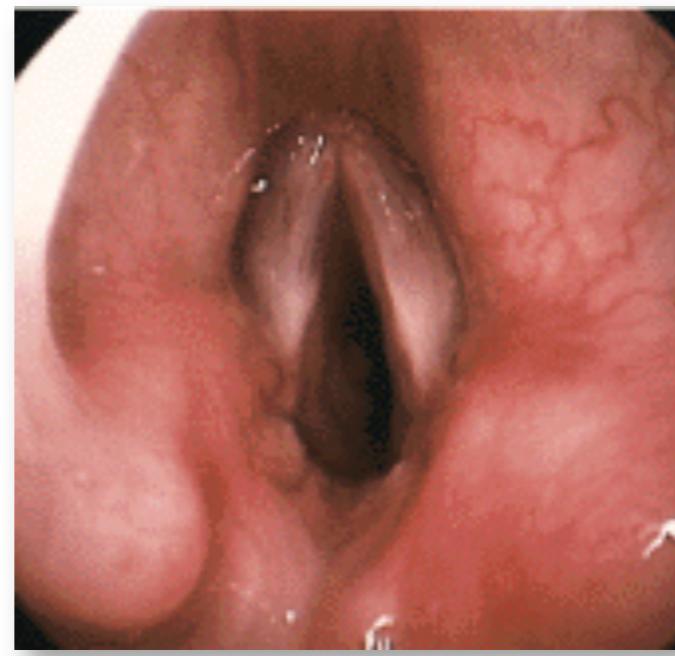
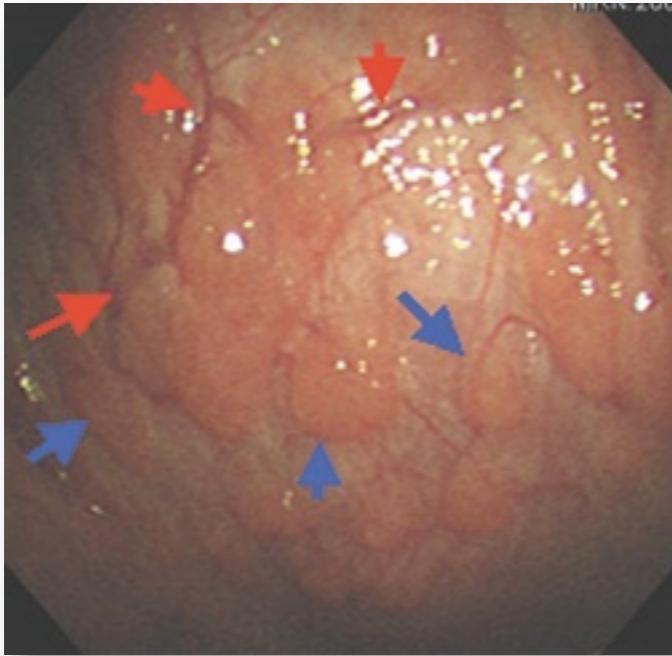


Upper Airway Resistance Syndrome 上呼吸道狹窄症候群



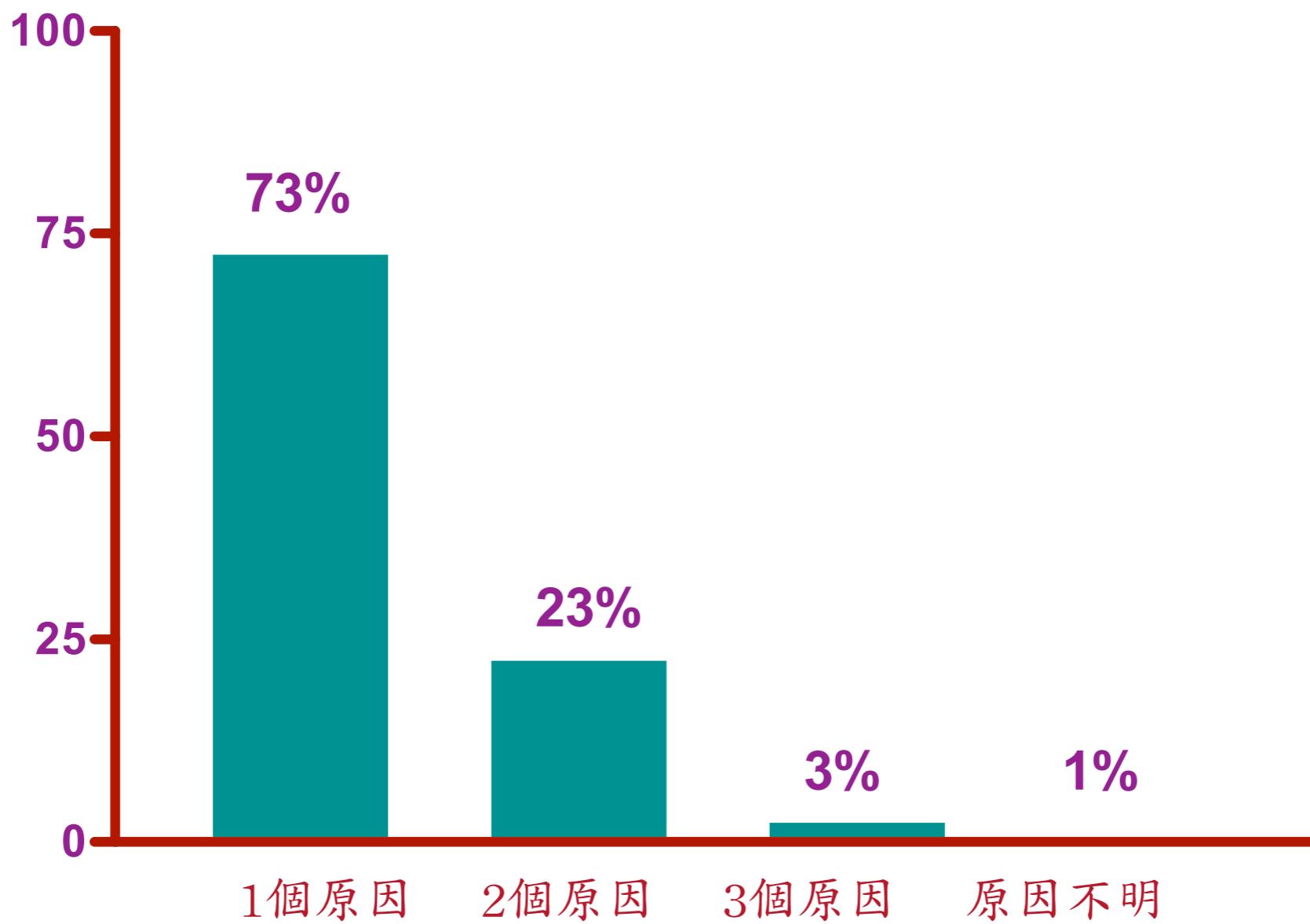
下顎內縮或下顎狹小的人，直立時這些結構上的異常，不會影響到上呼吸道的通暢（左圖）。但一旦躺下來睡著時，因為肌肉放鬆，舌頭無法有效支撐，便往後倒，因而阻擋了上呼吸道的正常呼吸，增加呼吸的阻力（右圖）。

GERD：胃食道逆流



H⁺ induced sensory neuropeptides
Neurogenic inflammation
Cough receptor threshold ↓

慢性咳嗽是許多原因造成



Cough > 3 weeks
Normal chest film

Cough > 3 weeks
Normal chest film



Hyperreactivity
Citric acid test

Cough > 3 weeks
Normal chest film



Hyperreactivity
Citric acid test

positive

Pulmonary function
test

Cough > 3 weeks
Normal chest film



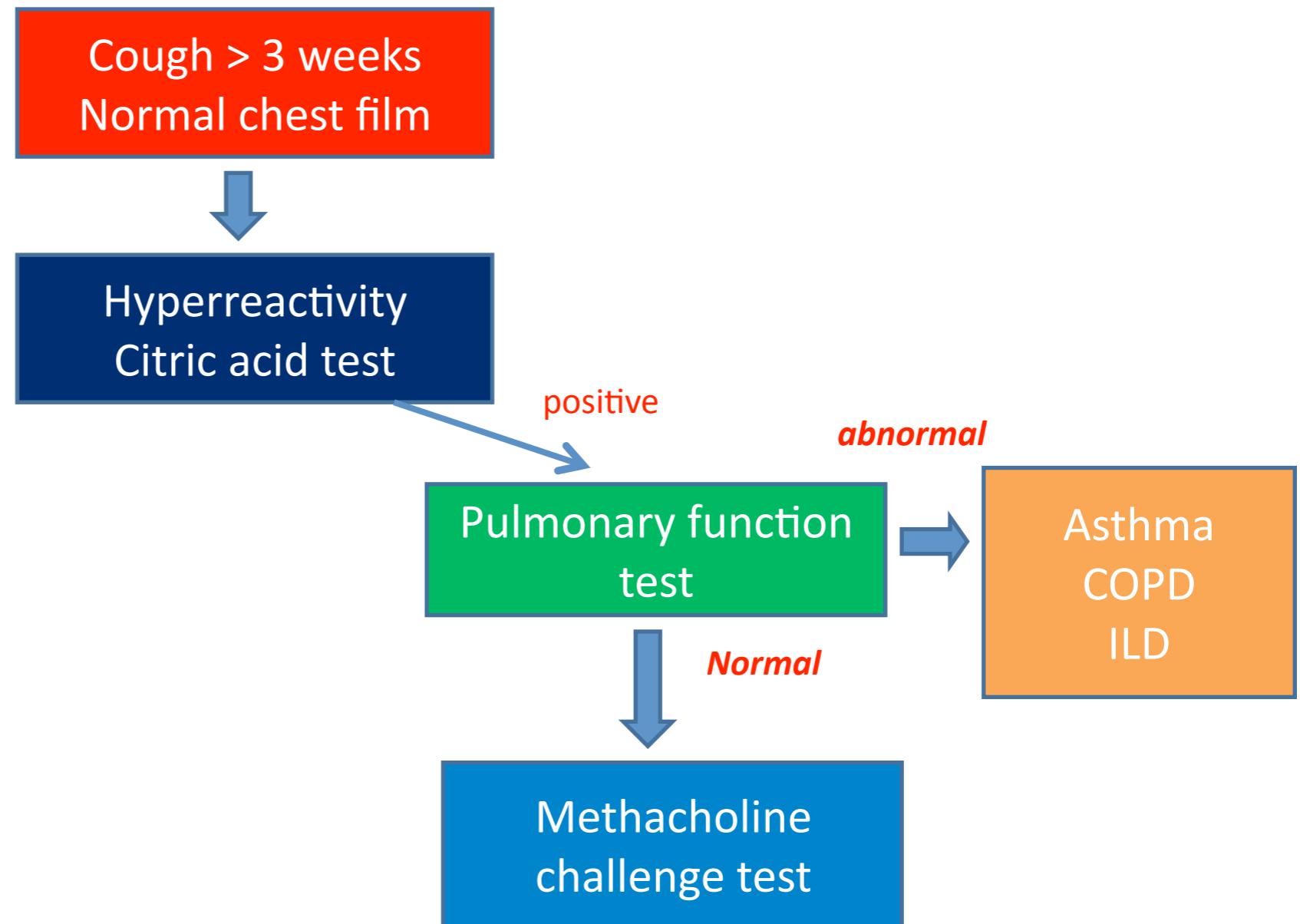
Hyperreactivity
Citric acid test

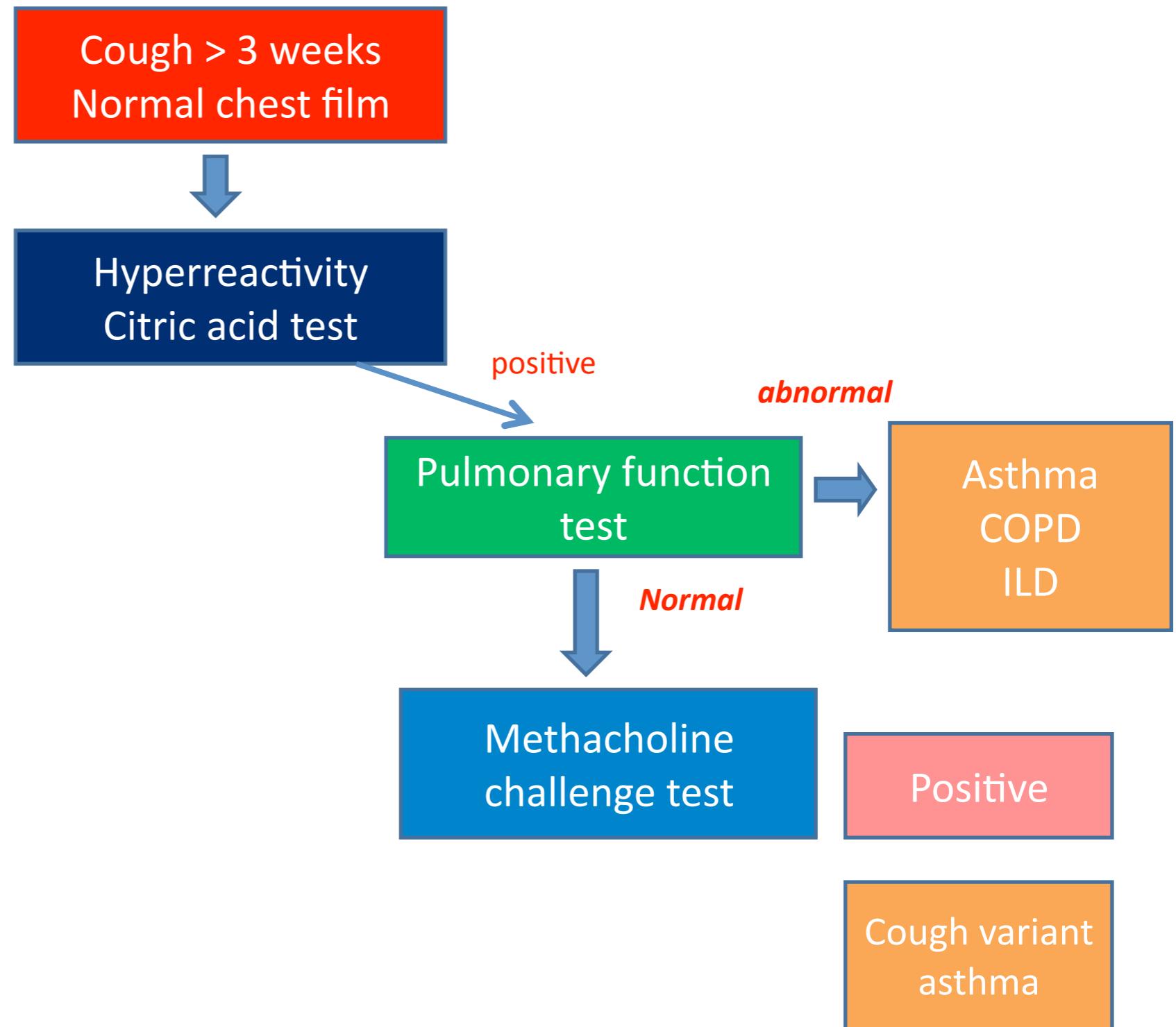
positive

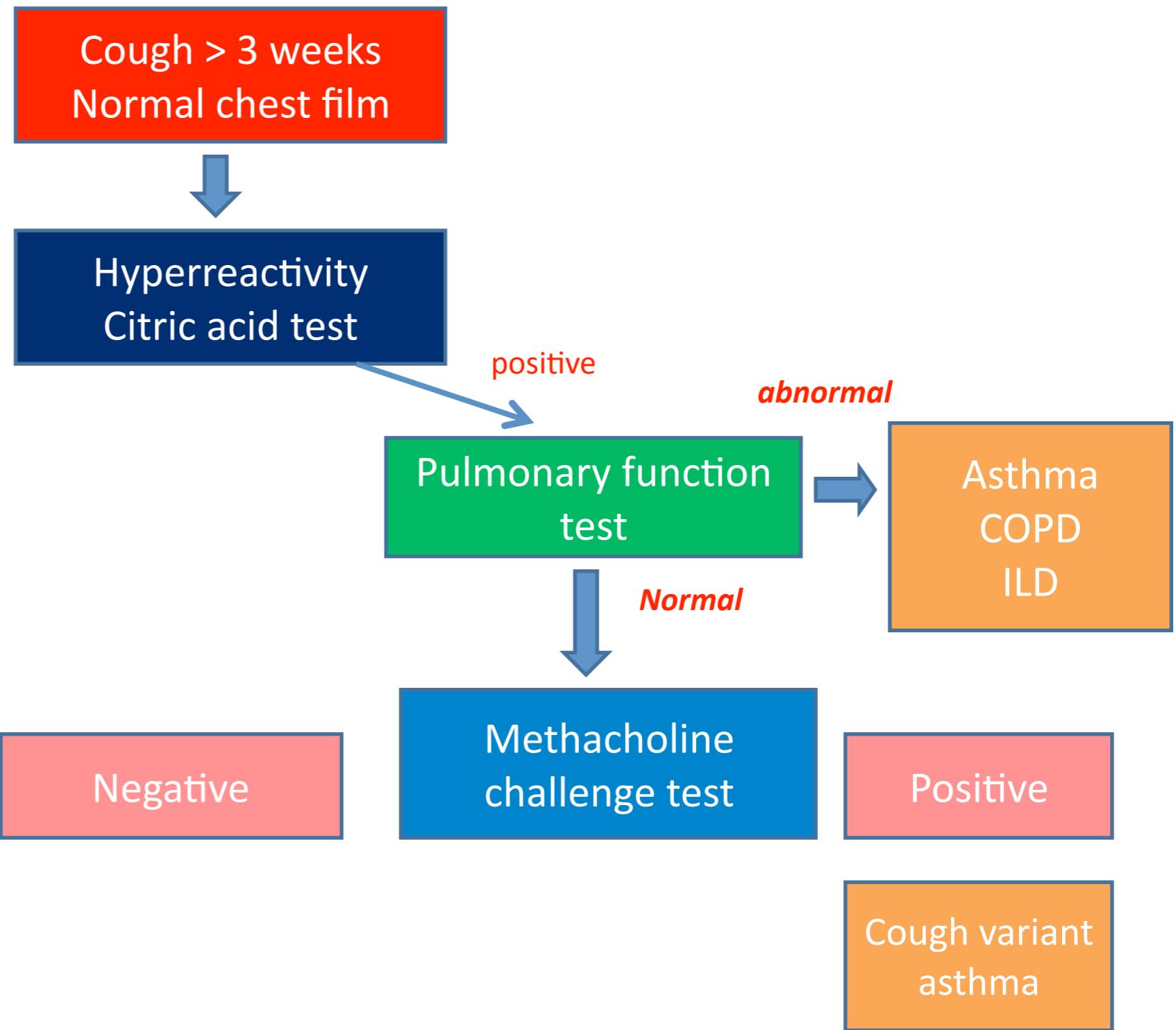
Pulmonary function
test

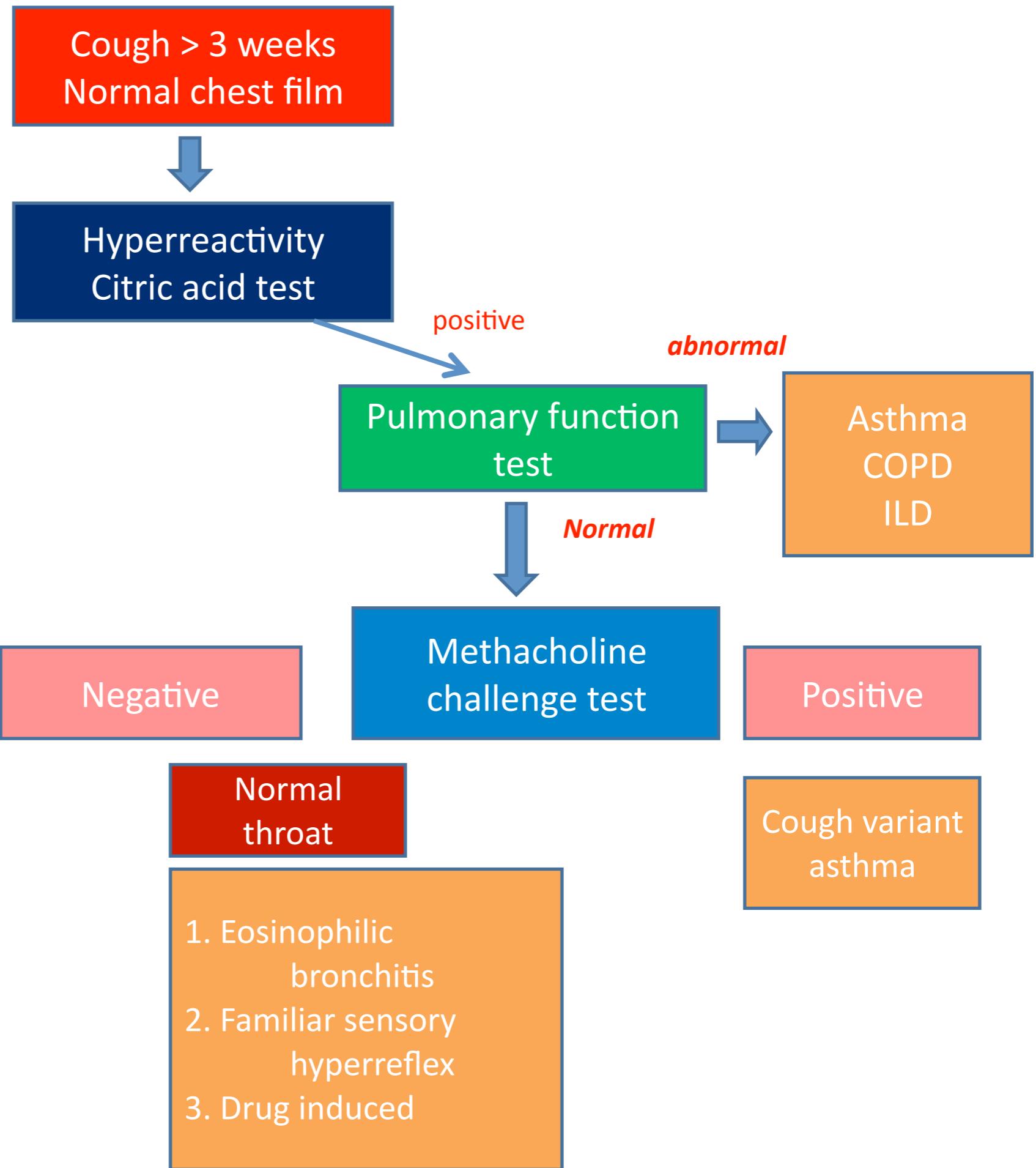
abnormal

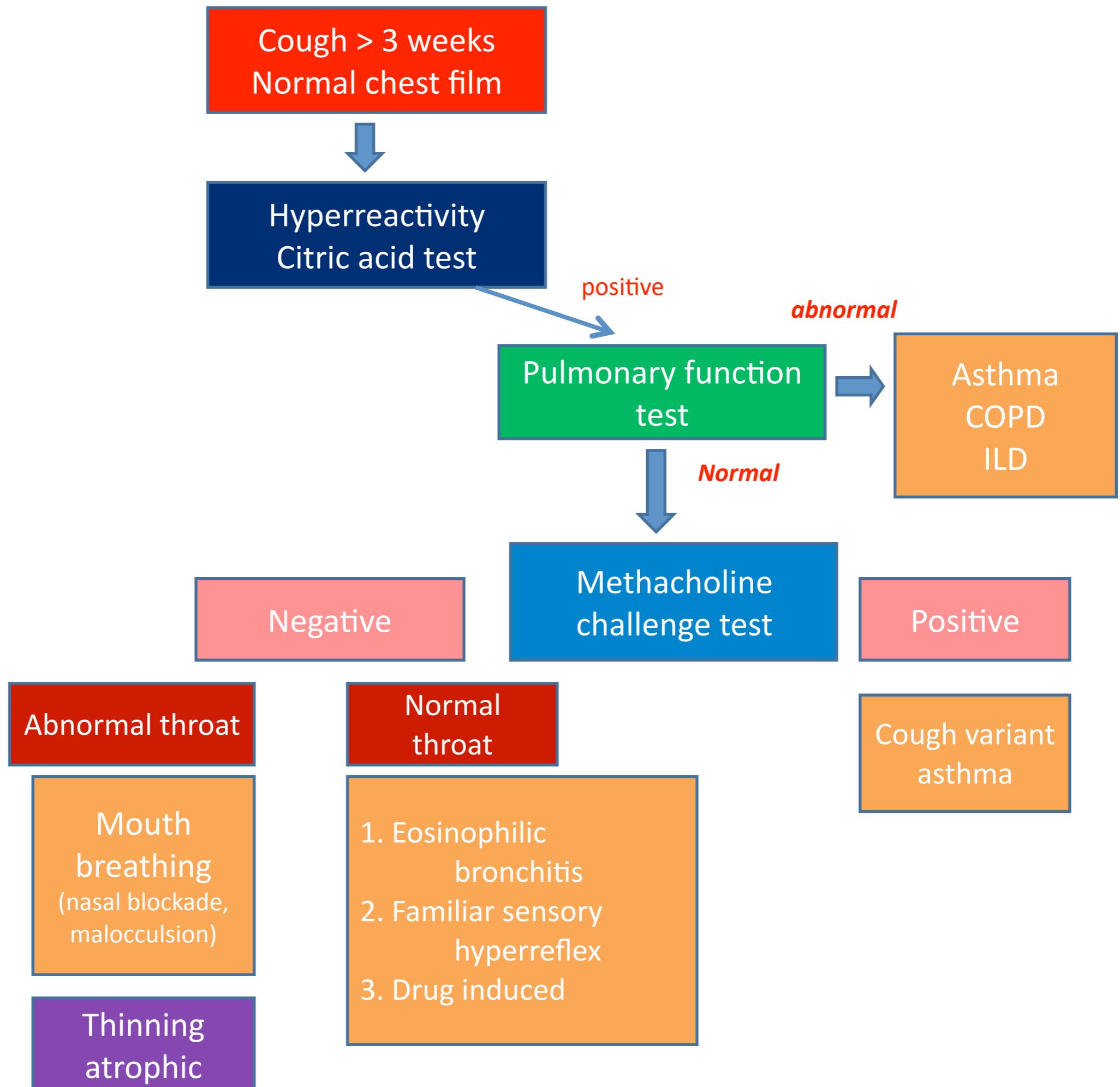
Asthma
COPD
ILD

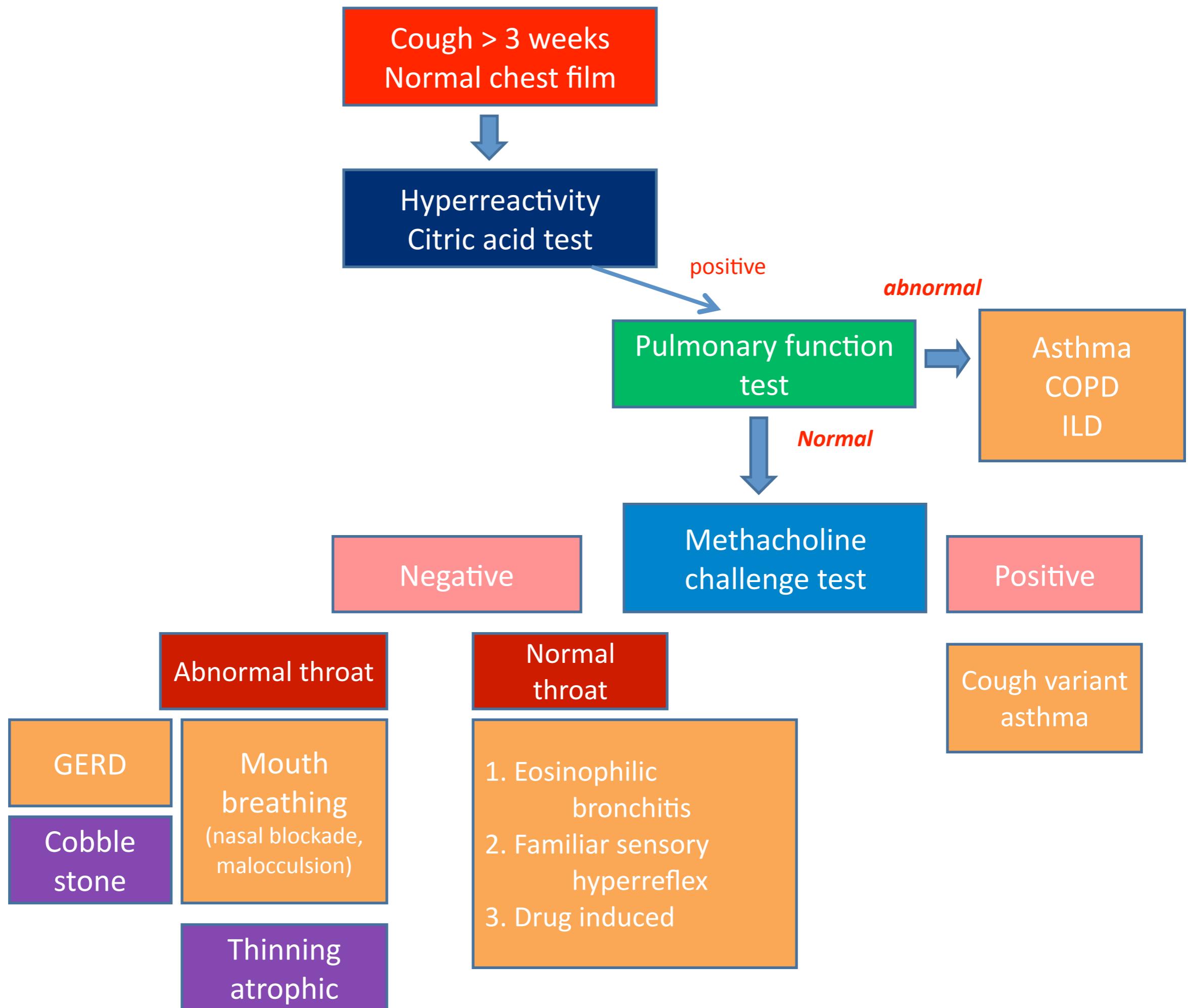


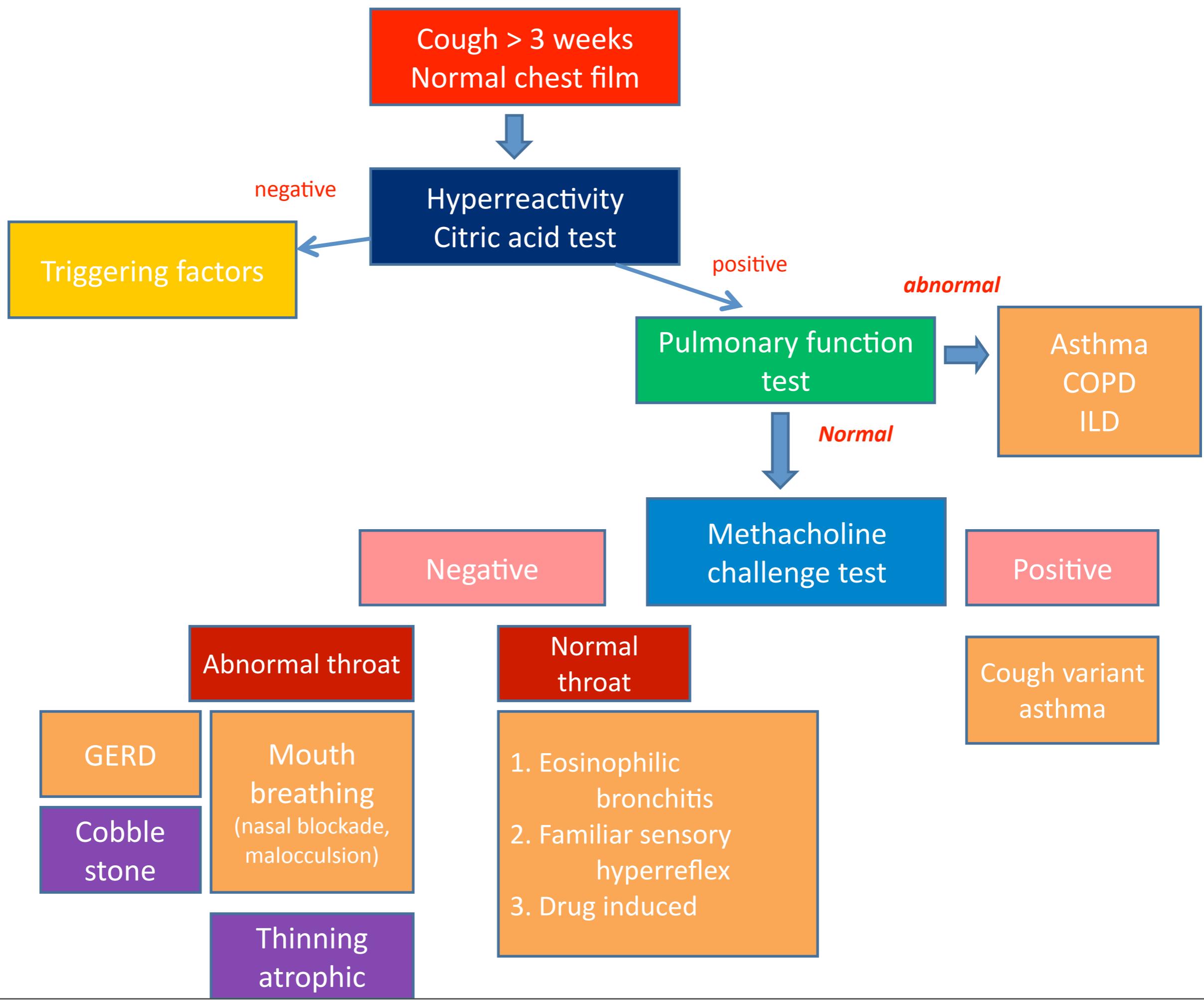


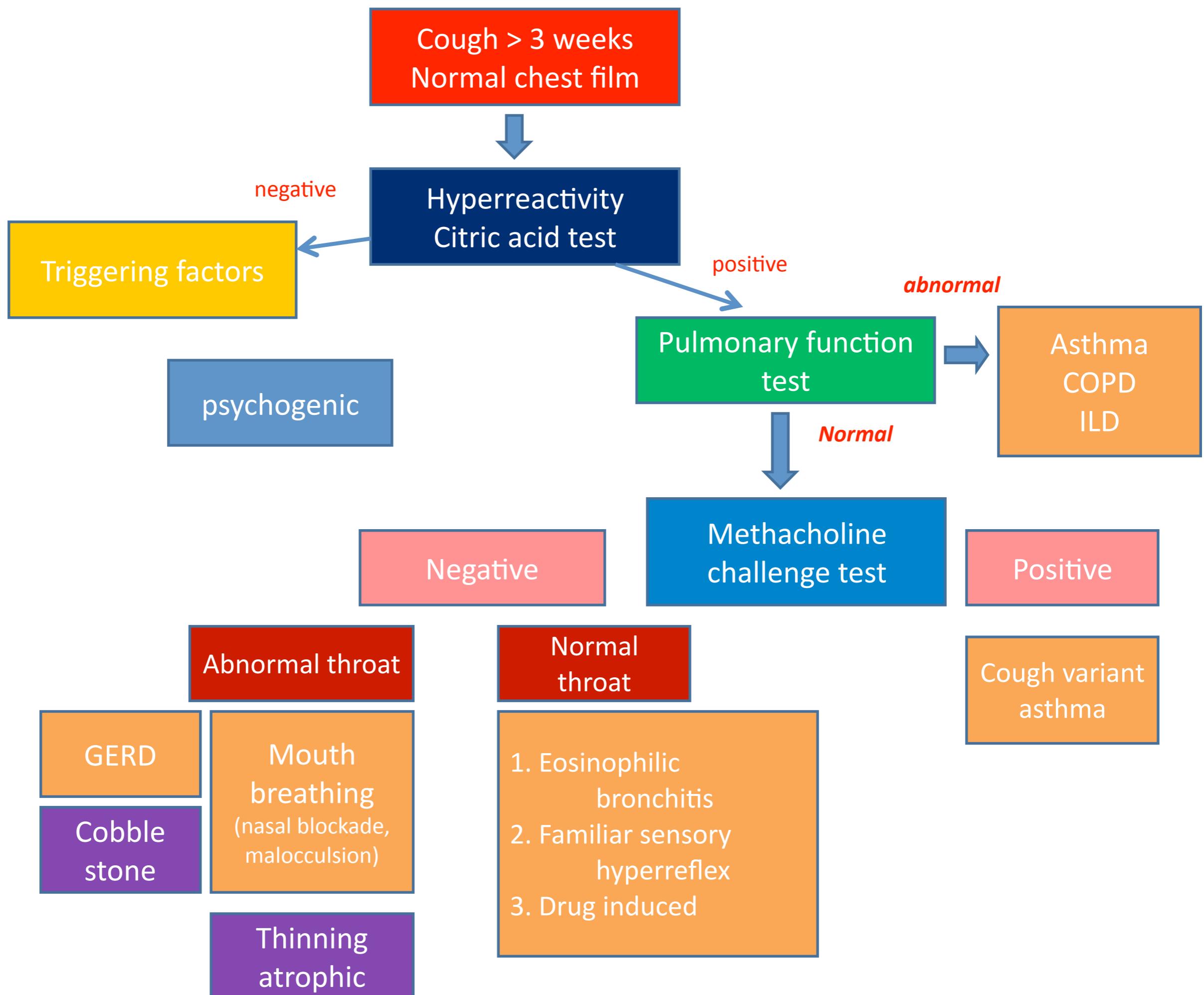


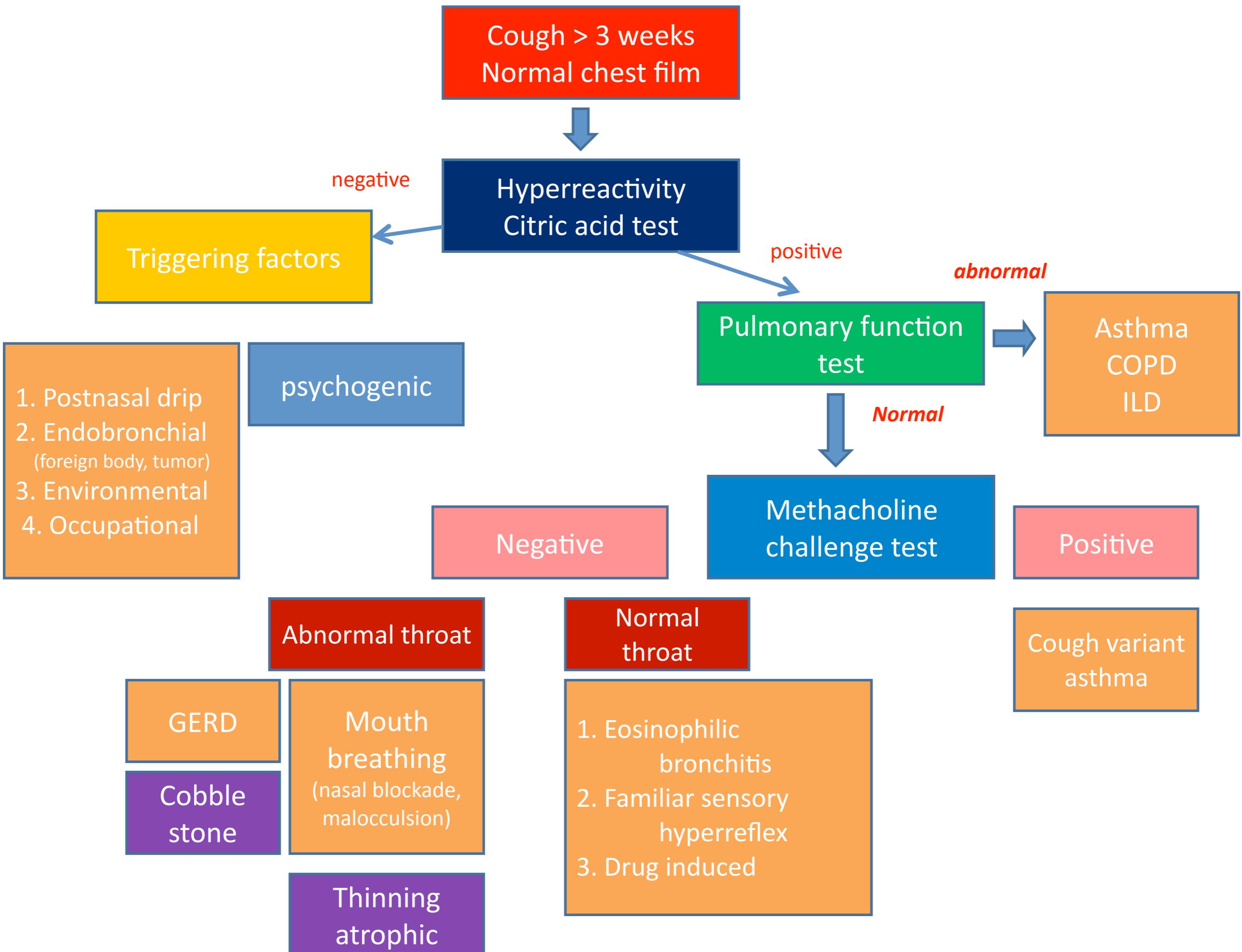












Treatment

- GERD:
 - Proton pump inhibitor (Nexium BID)
 - Diet control
- Post-nasal drip:
 - 1st generation anti-histamine
 - topical anti-cholinergic (atrovent)
- Mouth breathing:
 - Nasal blockade: **pseudo-ephedrine**
 - Mal-occlusion
 - Sleep apnea/ upper airway resistance syndrome
- Atrophic pharynx:
 - Erispan, brown mixture
- Familial sensory hyperreflex:
 - Gabapentin

Robitussin, 喉糖, 蜂蜜
各種“秘方”等